

Flow Dynamics During Naturalistic Gameplay: Results from Behavioral and Functional Magnetic Resonance Imaging Studies

Richard Huskey¹, Justin Robert Keene², Shelby Wilcox¹, Robyn Adams³, Christina J. Najera², Natalie Petit¹

¹Cognitive Communication Science Lab, School of Communication, The Ohio State University

²Cognition & Emotion Lab, College of Media and Communication, Texas Tech University

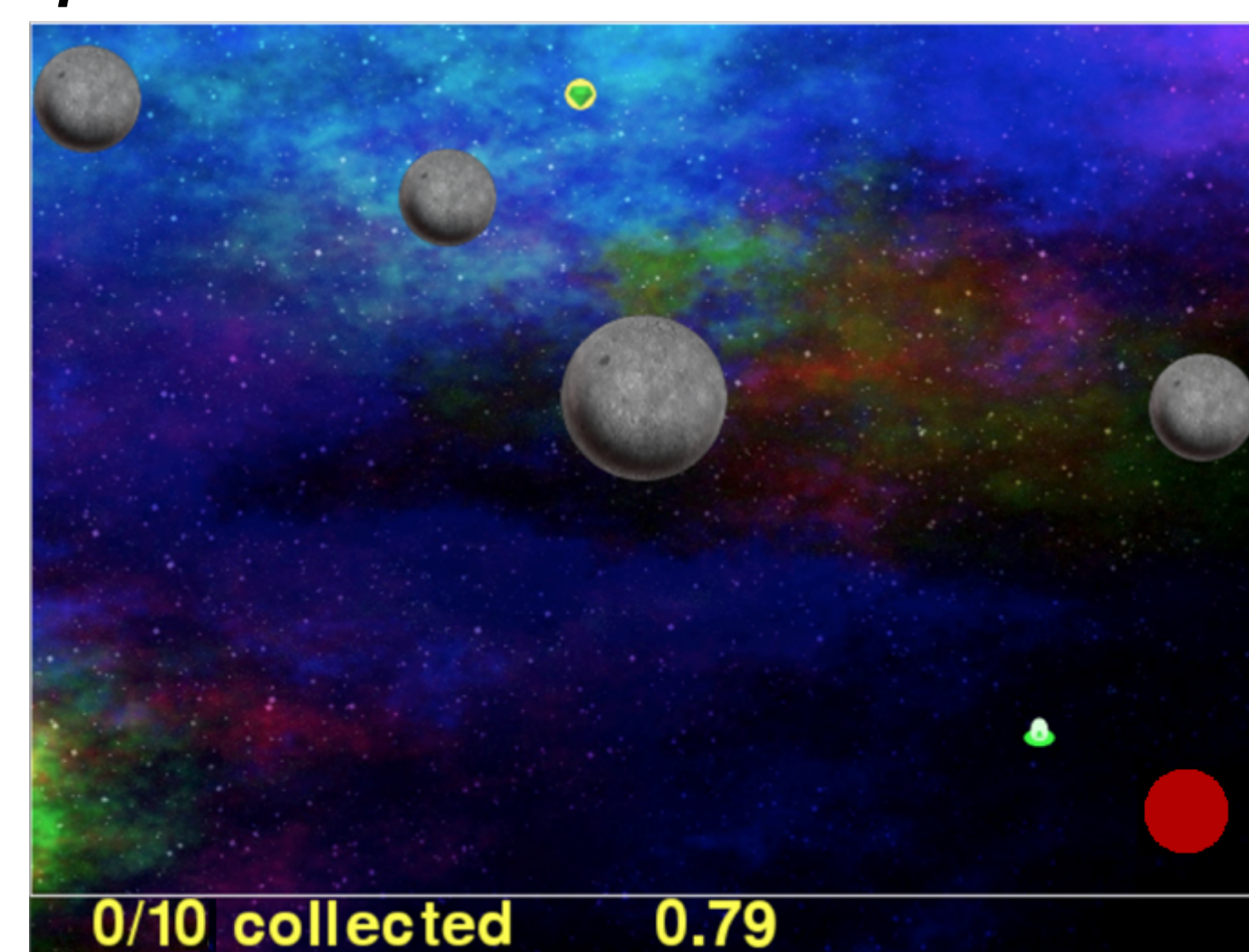
³College of Communication Arts and Sciences, Michigan State University

Background

- Flow¹⁻² is characterized by a high level of intrinsic reward and is theorized to result from balanced:
 - Task difficulty
 - Individual ability at the task
- Balanced task difficulty and individual ability results in:
 - An inverted-U shaped pattern where self-reported flow and behavioral measures of attention are highest.³⁻⁷
 - Activation in cognitive control and reward networks.³⁻⁸
 - Functional connectivity between structures in these networks.³⁻⁴
 - Down-regulation of structures in the default mode network that is causally implicated in flow.⁹⁻¹⁰
- However, we know very little about how these network dynamics unfold over time.
- Here, we use naturalistic gameplay to:
 - Validate an experimental flow induction.
 - Observe network dynamics during flow, particularly: multilayer community detection and node flexibility

Stimulus & Procedure

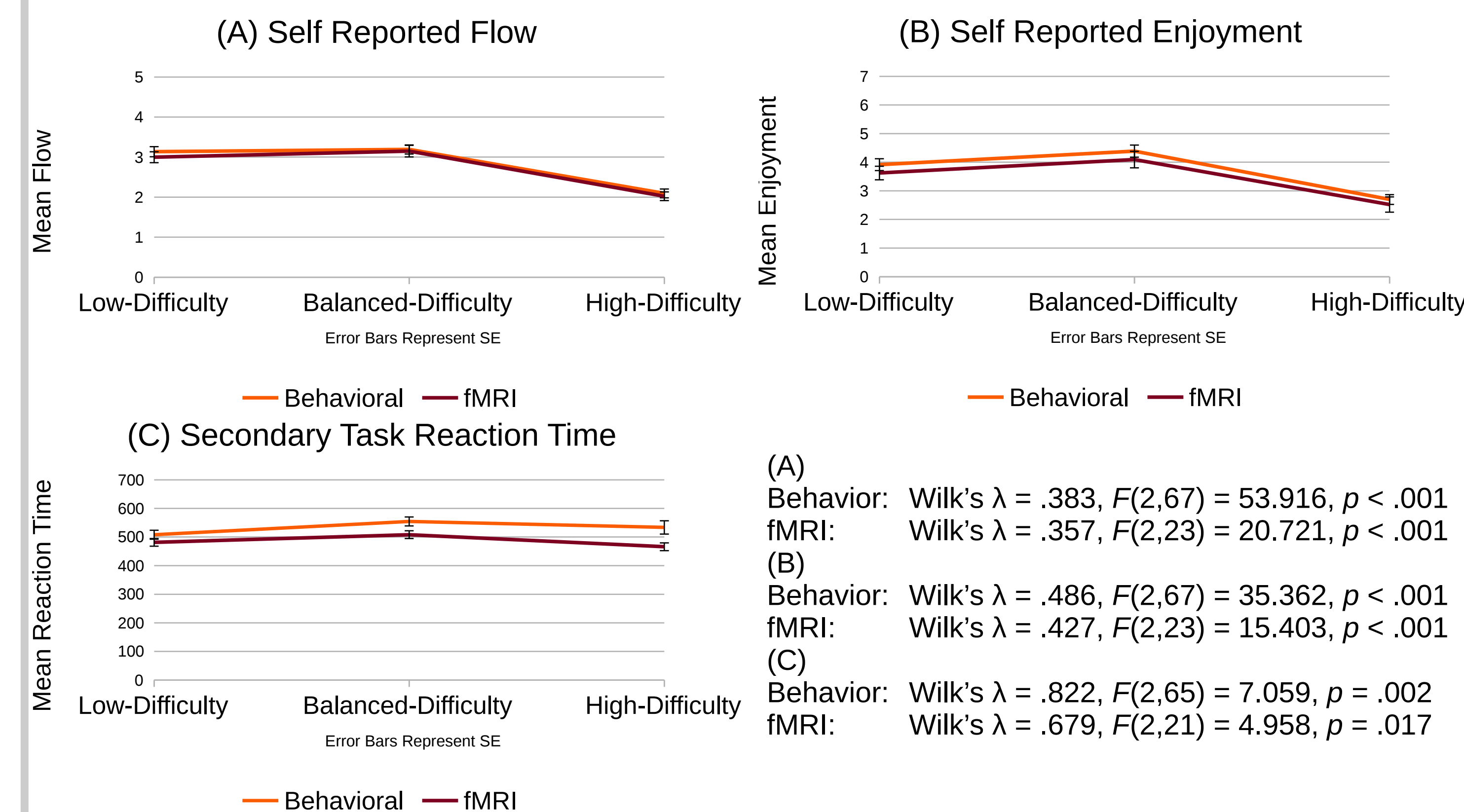
- Subjects played *Asteroid Impact*:



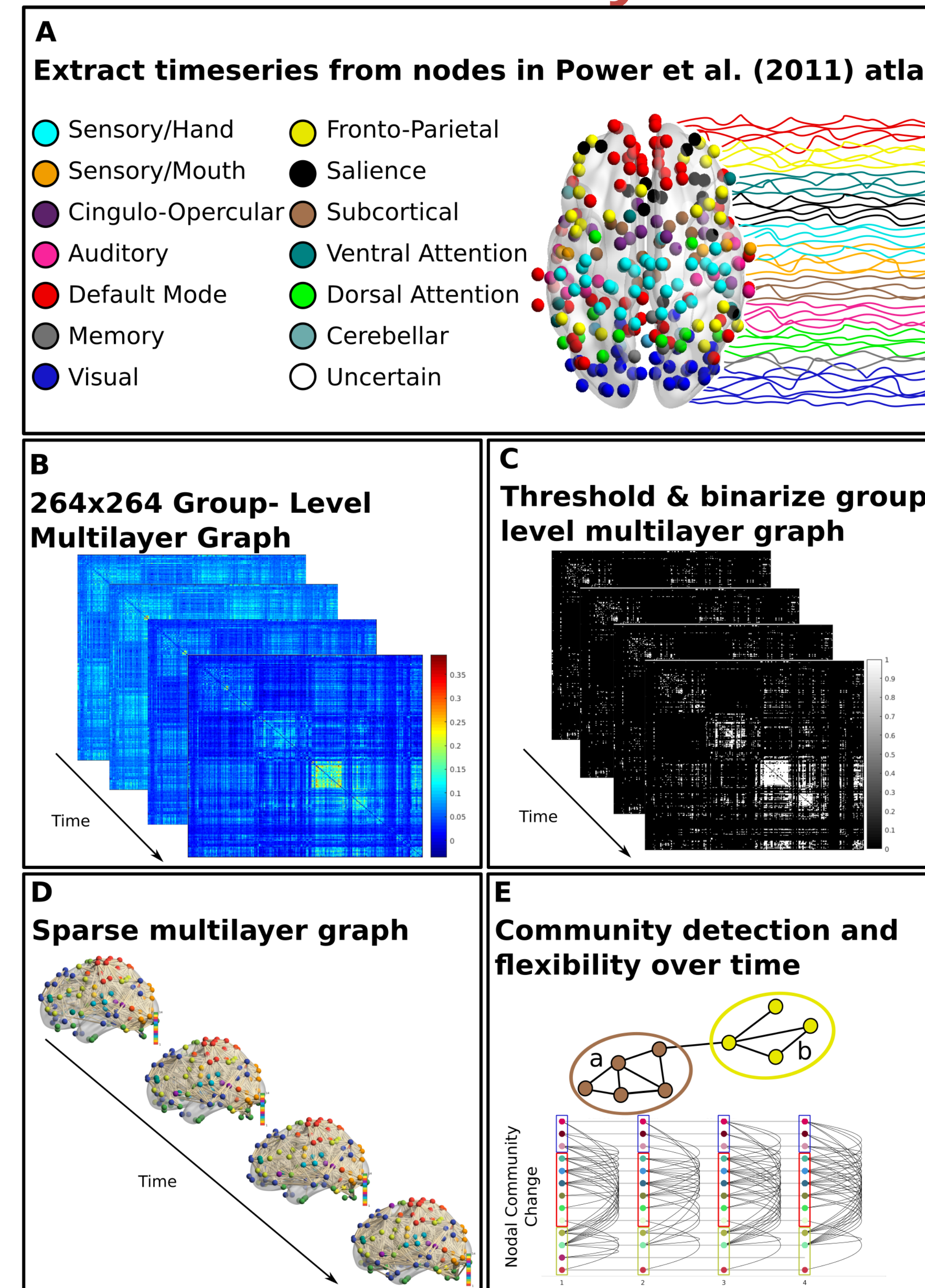
Subjects collected targets while avoiding asteroids that moved around the screen. Difficulty was manipulated by modifying asteroid speed. All other game settings remained the same between conditions. Subjects also responded to a STRT (red circle + auditory tone) during gameplay.

- Ability > Difficulty
- Ability < Difficulty
- Ability ≈ Difficulty
- Two experiments
 - Behavioral $n = 74$
 - fMRI $n = 30$
- Randomized orders
- Dependent Measures:
 - Self-reported flow
 - Self-reported enjoyment
 - STRT
- GitHub:
 - <https://github.com/cogcommscience-lab/flow-dynamic>
 - https://github.com/cogcommscience-lab/asteroid_impact

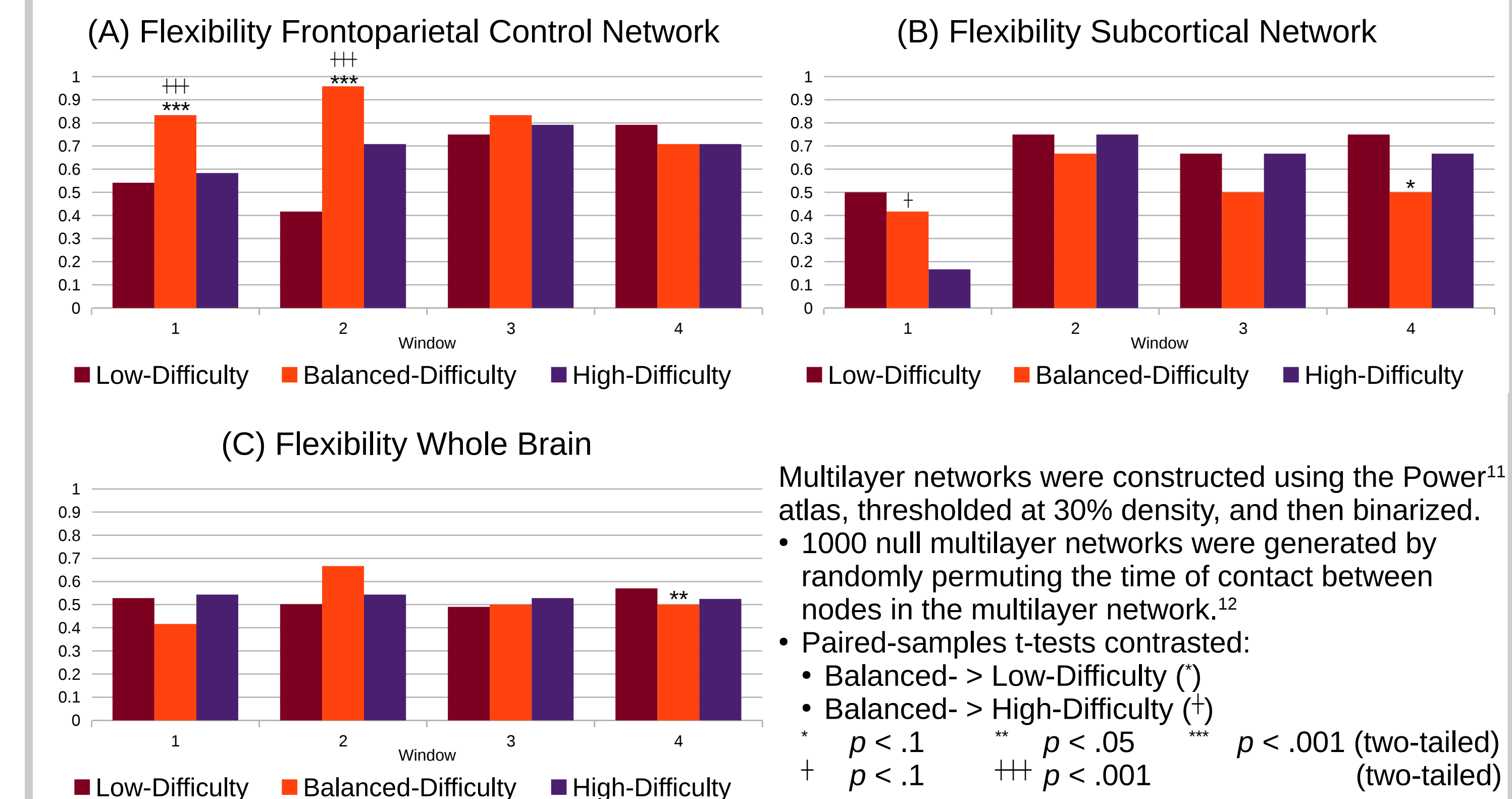
Behavioral Results



fMRI Analysis



fMRI Results



Discussion

- We replicate previous studies showing the highest levels of self-reported flow and behavioral measures of attention when difficulty and ability are balanced.³⁻⁷
- Nodes in the fronto-parietal control network are flexible early during flow but decrease and stabilize overtime.
- Nodes in subcortical structures have comparatively low flexibility during flow across across all windows and appear to stabilize in later windows.
- Conclusion: Flow may require a stabilization of brain network organization that emerges overtime.

References & Funding

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